

1. Write a static, void method named `replaceAll` that accepts an array of `int`'s named `numbers` as well as an `int` named `num`. The method must replace all occurrences of `num` that are found in even-numbered index positions with the value of 3. That is, if the value `num` is stored in `numbers[4]` then it must be replaced with the value 3 since 4 is an even number. But if `num` is found in `numbers[5]`, it must not be replaced since 5 is not an even number. For this exercise, zero is considered to be an even number. The method must work for a two-dimensional array of any size.

```
public static void replaceAll(int[][] numbers, int num)
{
```

2. There is a non-empty array of `String`'s named `names`. Write a code segment that removes the last letter of the `String` stored in the very last position of `names`. For bragging rights and if possible (and I'm not sure if it is), write a single statement that performs this task.